

Lunar Imbrium and Oriental are drawn on the Earth.

MAKARENKO, G.F., General Phys. Inst. of RAS, Moscow, Russia.

I have revealed similar position of earthen global ridges and lunar mountain arcs. Earthen shell drifting is prohibited by this similarity. Earlier axial structural symmetry of earthen shell has been shown (author's books 1978-1997). To descry the symmetry a single position must be accepted: onland-ocean cover basalts are final postorogenic effusions in the backsides of geosyncline mountain arcs. The symmetry of earthen global different ages ridges is an evident phenomenon: Urals with Timan, Taimerya and Cordilleras with Alaskan ridges, Bear, Innuitian folds are the twins in two hemispheres, just as many other structures of various modern types: Walles oval and Bowers Arc, Mongol-Ochotsk fault and Greenwil front, etc. Structural shell symmetry makes conventional "plate tectonics" an archaic model (31 IGC,5-1). Now anyone can compare similar global position of earthen and lunar structures. The similarity is evident if zero lines of planet's degree-nets are matched. (Mental line on the Earth and lunar midline !).

We see the lines-twins of small Moon and large Earth for Mare Imbrium inner and outer rings. Lunar Apenninus=Gurma graben; lunar Carpatius=line Cape Verde; lunar S Caucasus=Sardinia folds; lunar Alpes=Armoric zone; SE of lunar sinus Iridium=N Mid Atlantic; lunar Jura=Corner-Miln. Other twins: craters Copernicus, Aristoteles=rise Sierra Leone, Bogemian block; lunar Schpitsbergen=sinus Lunicus; lunar Haemus=line of rifts Chad-Njasa et al.

The lines-twins (in degree-nets) for Mare Orientale and Pacific: lunar NW Cordilleras=E.Pacific rise, lunar S Cordilleras = Chili rise, Oriental middle ridge=Galapagos rise et al. The centers of lunar and earthen Maria are at the appropriate planet places. The first point is mythic Atlantyda. The W margin of earthen Oriental is mysterious Eastern Island. The multitude of lunar large craters have blocks-twins on our planet. Maps will be presented.